



Civic Affairs Committee Cambridge City Council The Guildhall Peas Hill Cambridge CB2 3QJ

Dear Civic Affairs Committee Members

2021/22 Audit Results Report

We are pleased to attach our Audit Results Report, summarising the status of our audit for the forthcoming meeting of the Civic Affairs Committee.

The audit is designed to express an opinion on the 2021/22 financial statements and address current statutory and regulatory requirements. This report contains our findings related to the areas of audit emphasis, our views on Cambridge City's accounting policies and judgements and material internal control findings. Each year sees further enhancements to the level of audit challenge and the quality of evidence required to achieve the robust professional scepticism that society expects. We thank the management team for supporting this process to date, although there are significant areas that need to be resolved prior to issuing the audit opinion. We have also included an update on our work on Value for Money arrangements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Civic Affairs Committee, other members of the Council and Management. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Civic Affairs Committee meeting on 3 November 2022.

Yours faithfully

MARK HODGSON

Mark Hodgson Partner For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Encl

Contents



Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (https://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities/). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance (updated April 2018)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Civic Affairs Committee and management of Cambridge City Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Civic Affairs Committee, and management of Cambridge City Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Civic Affairs Committee and management of Cambridge City Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Scope update

In our Initial Audit Plan presented to the Civic Affairs Committee on the 13 July 2022, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We carried out our audit in accordance with this plan, with the following updates:

- ► Change in materiality: In our Audit Planning Report, we communicated that our audit procedures would be performed using a materiality of £3.000 million. We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft results and have also reconsidered our risk assessment. Based on our materiality measure of gross expenditure, we have updated our overall materiality assessment to £2.600 million. This results in updated performance materiality, at 75% of overall materiality, of £1.950 million, and an updated threshold for reporting misstatements of £0.130 million.
- ► Change in group scope: In our Initial Audit Plan, we communicated that the scope for all Cambridge Investment Partnership entities would be 'Other Procedures', as these amounts were not considered material to the Group financial statements in terms of size relative to the Group and risk. Upon review of the draft financial statements for these entities, CIP (Mill Road Development) LLP has made a significant surplus (£6.478 million) in 2021/22 of which £3.519 million has been included within the Share of the Surplus on the Provision of Services by Joint Ventures within the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. We have therefore amended the scope of work at the joint venture to 'specific scope procedures', and issued group instructions to the component auditor (Peters Elworthy & Moore LLP).

Status of the audit

As reported in the Audit Plan, our audit procedures were scheduled to commence at the start of August, with reporting and sign off for a Civic Affairs Committee in September. During this time we have experienced delays in our audit. Whilst the quality of responses has remained sufficient, there have been delays in areas including Going Concern & Value for Money (initial responses were received on 21 September), property valuations (including responses from the Council's external specialist), payroll, infrastructure assets, receipts in advance, group accounts, and a number of other areas.

Whilst we have received cooperation from the Finance staff involved in our audit, the above issues demonstrate short-term capacity issues within the finance team connected with the departure of the Deputy Head of Finance in July 2022. We understand that a new Deputy s151 Officer has since been recruited to address this issue.

Our audit has not been concluded in line with the proposed timeline. This is principally due to additional audit work we have needed to complete in relation to additional audit risks associated with this year's financial statements, and a number of areas continue to experience delays. Details of our outstanding work can be found on the next page. This has led to additional The need to complete additional audit procedures has increased the time being required for the audit which will result in additional audit fees which have been set out at Section 7.

Executive Summary

Status of the audit (continued)

Our audit work in respect of the Council opinion is substantially complete. The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures were outstanding at the date of this report:

- Creditors;
- ► Investment Property valuations;
- ► Pension Liability;
- ► Infrastructure Assets;
- Other Land & Building valuations;
- ► Receipts in Advance;
- Group Accounting;
- ► Going Concern; and
- ► Journals Testing.

Closing Procedures:

- Subsequent events review;
- Agreement of the final set of financial statements;
- ► Receipt of signed management representation letter; and
- ► Final Manager and Engagement Partner reviews.

Details of each outstanding item, actions required to resolve and responsibility is included in Appendix B.

Given that the audit process is still ongoing, we will continue to challenge the remaining evidence provided and the final disclosures in the Narrative Report and Accounts which could influence our final audit opinion. Key to the type of audit report we issue will be the resolution of the Infrastructure Asset issue. We have included a current draft of an unmodified opinion in Section 4.



Auditor responsibilities under the Code of Audit Practice 2020

Under the Code of Audit Practice 2020 we are still required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. The 2020 Code requires the auditor to design their work to provide them with sufficient assurance to enable them to report to the Council a commentary against specified reporting criteria (see below) on the arrangements the Council has in place to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period.

The specified reporting criteria are:

- Financial sustainability:

 How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance:

 How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

Status of the audit - Value for Money

We have completed our Value for Money (VFM) risk assessment and have not identified any risk of significant weakness against the three reporting criteria we are required to consider under the NAO's 2020 Code.

We will need to update our assessment on completion of the audit of the financial statements, including additional queries in relation to the Council's response to challenges during the 2021/22 financial year, in order to remain satisfied that we have not identified a risk of significant weakness.

We plan to issue the VFM commentary by the end of December 2022 as part of issuing the Auditor's Annual Report. See Section 03 for more details on Value for Money procedures.

Audit differences

Unadjusted Audit Differences

▶ At the date of issuing this report, there were no uncorrected misstatements in the accounts that have an effect on the surplus/deficit on the provision of services.

Adjusted Audit Differences

• We identified a limited number of minor audit disclosure differences in the financial statements, which have been adjustment by Management. None are so significant as to merit reporting to you.

The form of our audit report (opinion) will be dependent on the outcome of the matters set out on page 6.



Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We have not yet performed the procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts submission, as at the date of this report the NAO have not issued their guidance to auditors.

Control observations

During the audit, we did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

Independence

Please refer to Section 7 for our update on Independence.



Areas of audit focus

In our Audit Plan we identified a number of key areas of focus for our audit of the financial report of Cambridge City Council. This report sets out our observations and status in relation to these areas, including our views on areas which might be conservative and areas where there is potential risk and exposure. Our consideration of these matters and others identified during the period is summarised within the "Areas of Audit Focus" section of this report.

Management Override: Misstatements due to fraud or error

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

Management Override: Inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

Significant Risk: Investment Property Valuations

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

Significant Risk: Valuation of Other Land & Buildings

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

Significant Risk: Change in Payroll System

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

Significant Risk: Accounting for Infrastructure Assets

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

Inherent Risk: Accounting for Covid-19 related grant funding

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

Inherent Risk: National Non-Domestic Rates Appeals Provision

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

Inherent Risk: Pensions valuations and disclosures

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.



Areas of audit focus (Continued)

Inherent Risk: Council House valuations

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

Inherent Risk: Group Accounting

• At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

Inherent Risk: Bad debt provision and recoverability of Debtors

• We have completed our work in this area and have no matters to report.

We request that you review these and other matters set out in this report to ensure:

- ▶ There are no residual further considerations or matters that could impact these issues
- You concur with the resolution of the issue
- ▶ There are no further significant issues you are aware of to be considered before the financial report is finalised

There are no matters, other than those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Civic Affairs Committee or Management.





Significant risk

Misstatements due to fraud or error

What is the risk?

The financial statements as a whole are not free of material misstatements whether caused by fraud or error.

As identified in ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of its ability to manipulate accounting records directly or indirectly and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. We identify and respond to this fraud risk on every audit engagement.

One area susceptible to manipulation is the capitalisation of revenue expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment given the extent of the Council's capital programme. The specific procedures undertaken to address this are set out on the next page. This page details standard procedures we undertake to respond to the risk of fraud and error on every engagement.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Identified fraud risks during the planning stages.
- Inquired of management about risks of fraud and the controls put in place to address those risks.
- Documented our understanding of the oversight given by those charged with governance of management's processes over fraud.
- Considered the effectiveness of management's controls designed to address the risk of fraud.
- Tested the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements.
- Reviewed the accounting estimates for evidence of management bias.
- Evaluated the business rationale for significant unusual transactions

ISA 240 mandates we perform procedures on: accounting estimates, significant unusual transactions and journal entries to ensure they are appropriate and in line with expectations of the business.

What are our conclusions?

At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

To date, we have not identified any material weakness in controls or evidence of material management override, we have not identified any instances of inappropriate judgements being applied, or of any management bias in accounting estimates and we have not identified any inappropriate journal entries or other adjustments to the financial statements.



Significant risk

Incorrect capitalisation of revenue expenditure including Revenue **Expenditure Funded from** Capital Under Statute (REFCUS)

What is the risk?

Under ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper revenue recognition. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10 issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

We have identified an opportunity and incentive to capitalise expenditure under the accounting framework, to remove it from the general fund. In arriving at this conclusion we have considered the continuing pressure on the revenue budget and the financial value of its annual capital programme which is many times out materiality level.

This could then result in funding of that expenditure, that should properly be defined as revenue, through inappropriate sources such as capital receipts, capital grants, or borrowing.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Obtained an analysis of capital additions in the year, reconciled it to the Fixed Assets Register (FAR), and reviewed the descriptions to identify whether there are any potential items that could be revenue in nature
- Sample tested additions to Property, Plant and Equipment to ensure that they have been correctly classified as capital and included at the correct value in order to identify any revenue items that have been inappropriately capitalised. There were no Investment Property additions.
- Confirmed the REFCUS population is not material.
- Used our data analytics tool to identify and test journal entries that move expenditure from revenue codes into capital codes.

What are our conclusions?

Our sample testing of additions to Property, Plant and Equipment found that they had been correctly classified as capital and included at the correct value.

Our sample testing did not identify any revenue items that were incorrectly classified.

Our data analytics procedures did not identify any journal entries that incorrectly moved expenditure into capital codes.



Significant risk

Valuation of Investment **Properties**

What is the risk?

The Council's investment property portfolio is a material balance (£161 million at 31 March 2022) disclosed on the Council's balance sheet.

Individual asset markets may react differently to ongoing uncertainties and considerations must be given to ensure sufficient and appropriate market data is used for valuations during the 2021/22 period. Whilst RICS guidance on material uncertainty has been lifted, there is still a significant level of judgement around assumptions within valuations, especially where these assumptions rely on market data or income based measures, given difficulties in estimating future income.

There is also a risk that the incoming valuer will have insufficient knowledge of the asset portfolio in order to reach a true and fair valuation.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Reviewed the work performed by the Council's valuer (Bruton Knowles), including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work;
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuers in performing their valuation (for example market rents and other market information).
- Engaged EY Real Estate as our internal specialists to review a sample of the valuations, assumptions and conclusions reached by the external valuers in regard to investment properties and other assets valued using market information.
- Ensured accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements.
- Reviewed assets not revalued in the year for any indications of potential material movements

What are our conclusions?

At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.



Significant risk

Valuation of Other Land and **Buildings**

What is the risk?

The Council's Other Land and Buildings portfolio is a material balance (£146 million at 31 March 2022) disclosed on the Council's balance sheet. In addition, the Council holds other assets valued using market information.

In 2021/22, the Council have engaged with a new valuation specialist, Bruton Knowles, to undertake the valuation of Other Land and Buildings. As a result there is an increased risk that the valuer may not have sufficient knowledge of the specifics of the Council's asset base in order to reach a reasonable estimate for the valuation of the asset portfolio.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Reviewed the work performed by the Council's valuer (Bruton Knowles), including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work;
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuers in performing their valuation (for example market rents and other market information).
- Engaged EY Real Estate as our internal specialists to review a sample of the valuations, assumptions and conclusions reached by the external valuers in regard to investment properties and other assets valued using market information.
- Ensured accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements.
- Considered the annual cycle of valuations to ensure that assets have been valued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code for PPE.

What are our conclusions?

At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.



Significant risk

Change in Payroll System

What is the risk?

The Council implemented a new payroll system - iTRENT (Zullis in 2020/21) during the financial year.

As with any IT upgrade there is a risk that the relevant financial information has not been appropriately transferred to the new system leading to material misstatement in the 2021/22 financial statements.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Understood the controls in place within the new 'iTRENT' system, including the interaction between the system and the General Ledger;
- Understood the data transfer process from the previous system to the new system to ensure completeness of data transfer;
- Perform testing procedures in relation to the data transfer process to ensure accuracy of data transfer; and
- Perform analytical procedures on overall payroll expenditure to ensure that expenditure is not materially overstated or understated.

What are our conclusions?

Our work did not identify any issues with the change in payroll system. We have obtained an understanding of the interaction of the new system with the General Ledger and the relevant controls in place, including over the transfer of data.

No issues have been identified in respect of the new payroll system.



Significant risk

Accounting for Infrastructure Assets

What is the risk?

An issue has been raised via the NAO's Local Government Technical Group that some local authorities are not writing out the gross cost and accumulated depreciation on infrastructure assets when a major part/component has been replaced or decommissioned.

This matter is currently under consideration by CIPFA and given the Council hold material Infrastructure Assets (£7 million at 31 March 2022) we have raised a significant risk in this area.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Discussed the matter with the Council as guidance on accounting for Infrastructure Assets is updated;
- Understood the Infrastructure Assets balance and the individual assets comprising this balance; and
- Understood the Council's process for writing out gross cost and accumulated depreciation on the Infrastructure Assets balance to determine whether this is materially correct at the Balance Sheet date.

What are our conclusions?

At the date of issuing this report, our work in this area is still ongoing. We will update the Committee on our findings once the work is finalised.

At present we are awaiting a detailed assessment by the Council to demonstrate that the financial statements are compliant with the Code. This has the potential to lead to a significant audit adjustment, or a modification to our final audit opinion, if the Council cannot evidence compliance with the Code of Audit Practice requirements (as they currently stand). CIPFA are still considering other possible solutions to the matter.



Inherent risk

Accounting for Covid-19 related grant funding -Inherent Risk

What is the risk?

In response to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Council have received significant levels of grant funding, both to support the Council and to pass on to local businesses. Each of these grants will have distinct restrictions and conditions that will impact the accounting treatment of these. We are aware of new Covid-19 grant income in 2021/22 for example the COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF) where the Council has received £9.8 million.

Given the volume of these grants, and the new conditions for the Council to understand the accounting impact of, there is a risk that these may be misclassified in the financial statements or inappropriately treated from an accounting perspective.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Sample tested Government Grant income to ensure that they have been correctly classified as specific or non-specific in nature.
- Sample tested Government Grant income to ensure that they have been correctly classified in the financial statements based on any restrictions imposed by the funding body.
- Reviewed the instructions and conditions of a sample of grants to corroborate the Council's assessment of whether they were acting as an Agent or Principal in disbursing the grants.

What are our conclusions?

Our sample testing of Covid related grant funding did not identify any grants that were incorrectly classified as specific or non-specific in nature, or any grants where the incorrect accounting treatment was applied.



Inherent risk

National Non-Domestic Rates Appeals Provision-Inherent Risk

What is the risk?

The calculation of the NNDR Appeals Provision is estimate based. Given the impact of Covid-19 on businesses seeking reductions in rateable values, there is a risk of material misstatement of the appeals provision due to the nature of the provision and the uncertainty around the full impact of Covid-19.

In light of this we consider there to be an inherent risk of misstatement of the Council's NNDR appeals provision.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Reviewed the assumptions made by the Council's NNDR appeals provision specialist; and
- Assessed the reasonableness of any local adjustments made by the Council on the NNDR appeals provision;

What are our conclusions?

Our work did not identify any issues with the assumptions of the NNDR appeals provision specialist.

Where the Council had made local adjustments to reflect on local knowledge and developing appeals, these were also found to be reasonable.



Inherent risk

Pension Liability valuation and disclosures - Inherent Risk

What is the risk?

The Authority makes extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of Cambridgeshire Pension Fund Scheme administered by Cambridgeshire County Council. At 31 March 2022 the liability totalled £102 million.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued to the Authority by the actuary to the Cambridgeshire Pension Fund.

Accounting for this scheme involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on their behalf.

We undertake procedures on the use of management experts and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Liaised with the auditors of Cambridgeshire Pension Fund, to obtain assurances over the information supplied to the actuary in relation to Cambridge City Council;
- Assessed the work of the Pension Fund actuary (Hymans Robertson) including the assumptions they have used, by relying on the work of PWC Consulting Actuaries commissioned by the National Audit Office for all local government sector auditors, and by considering any relevant reviews by the EY actuarial team; and
- Reviewed and tested the accounting entries and disclosures made within Cambridge City's financial statements in relation to IAS 19, considering Fund assets and the Council's liability.

What are our conclusions?

We have reviewed the assessment of the Pension Fund actuary by PwC and EY Pensions and have no matters to report.

The Council have requested a re-run of the IAS19 liability report from the Pension Fund Actuary. We will need to agree the Council's IAS 19 disclosures to the actuaries' report to ensure these are fairly stated in the accounts.



Inherent risk

Council Dwellings Valuations

What is the risk?

Council dwellings represent a significant balance in the Council's accounts (£726 million at 31 March 2022) and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges. As the value of council houses are significant, and the outputs from the its valuer are subject to estimation, there is a higher inherent risk balances may be under/overstated or the associated accounting entries incorrectly posted.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Considered the work performed by the Council's valuers (Wilkes Head & Eve), including the adequacy of the scope of the work performed, their professional capabilities and the results of their work;
- Sample tested key asset information used by the valuer in performing their valuation;
- Considered changes to useful economic lives as a result of the most recent valuation; and
- Tested accounting entries have been correctly processed in the financial statements.

What are our conclusions?

Our work did not identify any issues with the valuation of Council Dwellings.



Inherent risk

Group Accounting

What is the risk?

The Council has been preparing group accounts for several years.

The Council will need to undertake its annual assessment of the group boundary to determine the procedures it needs to undertake to consolidate the relevant component entities.

Update

In our Initial Audit Plan, we communicated that the scope for all Cambridge Investment Partnership entities would be 'Other Procedures', as these amounts were not considered material to the Group financial statements in terms of size relative to the Group and risk. Upon review of the draft financial statements for these entities, CIP (Mill Road Development) LLP has made a significant surplus (£6.478 million) in 2021/22 of which £3.519 million has been included within the Share of the Surplus on the Provision of Services by Joint Ventures within the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. We have therefore amended the scope of work at the joint venture to 'specific scope procedures', and issued group instructions to the component auditor (Peters Elworthy & Moore LLP).

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Reviewed the Council's assessment of its group boundary;
- Determined we would be able to obtain sufficient assurance of the group consolidation without the need to liaise with component auditors;
- Evaluated any risks at component level on the group accounts; and
- Audited the consolidation process and group accounts.

What are our conclusions?

At the date of issuing this report, we are still concluding our work in this area as we await response from the component auditor on our issued instructions, following the change in scope set out above. We will provide an update to the Civic Affairs Committee with our findings once the work is finalised.



Inherent risk

Recoverability of Debtors -Inherent Risk

What is the risk?

As a result of the long term impact of Covid-19 and other market uncertainties there may be increased uncertainty around the recoverability of receivables. This includes large value debtors with subsidiary companies. The provision for these bad debts is an estimate, and calculation requires management judgement. We would expect the Council to revisit their provision for bad debt calculation in light of Covid-19 and assess the appropriateness of this estimation technique. Given that there might be some subjectivity to the recoverability of debtors the Council will need to consider the level of any provision for bad debts. We have therefore raised as an inherent risk in our audit strategy.

What did we do and what judgements did we focus on?

In order to address this risk we undertook the following audit procedures:

- Reviewed the calculation of the bad debt provision for reasonableness and accuracy; and
- Considered the recoverability of debts in testing a sample of trade receivables;

What are our conclusions?

Our work did not identify any issues with the reasonableness, accuracy or sufficiency of the bad debt provisions held.

Our sample testing of trade receivables also did not identify any issues around the recoverability of debtors held on the balance sheet at year end.







Our proposed opinion on the financial statements - subject to the resolution of outstanding procedures with no issues - specifically Infrastructure Asset Accounting

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMBRIDGE CITY COUNCIL

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cambridge City Council 'the Authority' and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') for the year ended 31 March 2022 under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended). The financial statements comprise the:

- ► Authority and Group Movement in Reserves Statement,
- ► Authority and Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement,
- Authority and Group Balance Sheet,
- ► Authority and Group Cash Flow Statement,
- the related notes 1 to 30 to the Authority statements,
- ▶ the related notes 1 to 5 to the Group statements,
- ▶ the Housing Revenue Account Income and Expenditure Statement, the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Statement, and the related notes 1 to 4,
- ▶ the Collection Fund and the related notes 1 to 3.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Cambridge City Council and the Group as at 31 March 2022 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- ▶ have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Authority and Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the Comptroller and Auditor General's AGN01, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Audit Report



Our proposed opinion on the financial statements - subject to resolution of the Infrastructure Asset issue

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of 12 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Group and Authority's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the 'Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2022', other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer is responsible for the other information contained within the 'Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2022'

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.





Our proposed opinion on the financial statements

Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information forthcoming from the audit or our knowledge of the Group and the Authority
- ▶ we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we make written recommendations to the audited body under Section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- ▶ we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- ▶ we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and
- Accountability Act 2014 (as amended)
- we are not satisfied that the Group and the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2022.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

Responsibility of the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer

As explained more fully in the 'Statement of Responsibilities' set out on page 12, the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for such internal control as the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Head of Finance and Section 151 Officer is responsible for assessing the Group and the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Group and the Authority either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.





Our proposed opinion on the financial statements

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Group and determined that the most significant are:

- ► Local Government Act 1972,
- ► Local Government and Housing Act 1989 (England and Wales),
- ► Local Government Finance Act 1988 (as amended by the Local Government Finance Act 1992,
- ► Local Government Act 2003,
- ► The Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 as amended in 2018 and 2020,
- ► The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, and
- ► The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015.

In addition, the Authority has to comply with laws and regulations in the areas of anti-bribery and corruption, data protection, employment legislation, tax legislation, general power of competence, procurement and health & safety.

We understood how Cambridge City Council is complying with those frameworks by understanding the incentive, opportunities and motives for non-compliance, including inquiring of management, the Head of Internal Audit and those charged with governance and obtaining and reading documentation relating to the procedures in place to identify, evaluate and comply with laws and regulations, and whether they are aware of instances of non-compliance. We corroborated this through our reading of the Authority's committee minutes, Authority policies and procedures and other information.

Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures had a focus on compliance with the accounting framework through obtaining sufficient audit evidence in line with the level of risk identified and with relevant legislation.





Our proposed opinion on the financial statements

We assessed the susceptibility of the Group and Authority's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by understanding the potential incentives and pressures for management to manipulate the financial statements, and performed procedures to understand the areas in which this would most likely arise.

Based on our risk assessment procedures, we identified, inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure including Revenue Expenditure Funded from Capital Under Statute (REFCUS) and management override of controls to be our fraud risks.

To address our fraud risk of inappropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure including Revenue Funded from Capital Under Statute (REFCUS) we tested the Council's capitalised expenditure to ensure the capitalisation criteria were properly met and the expenditure was appropriate.

To address our fraud risk of management override of controls, we tested specific journal entries identified by applying risk criteria to the entire population of journals. For each journal selected, we tested the appropriateness of the journal and that it was accounted for appropriately. We assessed accounting estimates for evidence of management bias and evaluated the business rationale for significant unusual transactions.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our review in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice 2020, having regard to the guidance on the specified reporting criteria issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General in December 2021, as to whether the Cambridge City Council had proper arrangements for financial sustainability, governance and improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness. The Comptroller and Auditor General determined these criteria as those necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether Cambridge City Council put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2022.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, Cambridge City Council had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are required under Section 20(1)(c) of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We are not required to consider, nor have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.



Our proposed opinion on the financial statements

Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of Cambridge City Council in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of Cambridge City Council, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (as amended) and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 43 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group and the Authority's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.





Audit Differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately quantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted differences

We highlight misstatements greater than £130,000 which have been corrected by management that were identified during the course of our audit. We have not identified any such differences to date.

There are no adjusted differences to bring to your attention at the date of this report.

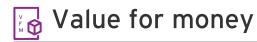
Disclosure Differences

A limited number of other disclosure and presentational items have been highlights to management for amendment. We do not deem these to merit inclusion in this report.

Summary of unadjusted differences

There are no uncorrected material misstatements identified as part of our audit at the time of this report.





The Council's responsibilities for value for money (VFM)

The Council is required to maintain an effective system of internal control that supports the achievement of its policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding and securing value for money from the public funds and other resources at its disposal.

As part of the material published with its financial statements, the Council is required to bring together commentary on its governance framework and how this has operated during the period in a governance statement. In preparing its governance statement, the Council tailors the content to reflect its own individual circumstances, consistent with the requirements set out in the Cipfa code of practice on local authority accounting. This includes a requirement to provide commentary on its arrangements for securing value for money from their use of resources.

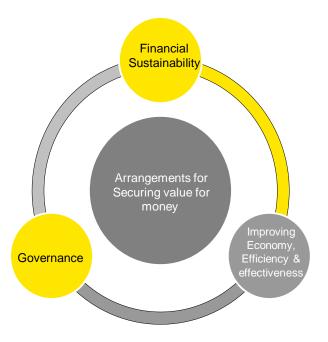
Risk assessment

We have completed our Value for Money (VFM) risk assessment and have not identified any risk of significant weakness against the three reporting criteria we are required to consider under the NAO's 2020 Code.

Status of our VFM work

We will need to update our assessment on completion of the audit of the financial statements, including additional queries in relation to the Council's response to challenges during the 2021/22 financial year, in order to remain satisfied that we have not identified a risk of significant weakness.

We plan to issue the VFM commentary by the end of December 2022 as part of issuing the Auditor's Annual Report. See Section 03 for more details on Value for Money procedures.





Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Narrative Report with the audited financial statements.

Financial information in the Narrative Report and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements, subject to completion of our final audit procedures on the Narrative Report.

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and can confirm it is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

We have not yet performed the procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts submission, as at the date of this report the NAO have not issued their guidance to auditors.

Other reporting issues

Other reporting issues

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). We did not identify any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Authority's financial reporting process. They include the following:

- Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management;
- Written representations we have requested;
- Expected modifications to the audit report;
- Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process;
- Related parties;
- External confirmations;
- Going concern;
- Consideration of laws and regulations; and
- Group audits.

We have raised the difficulties experienced during the audit process, including delays in respect of going concern & group audit work, on page 5 of this report. We are yet to conclude our work in these two areas. Our work on pensions and property valuations (significant accounting estimates) also remains in progress.





Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and the Council, and its members and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to the Council, its members and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats.

There are no relationships from 1 April 2021 to the date of this report, which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and objectivity.

Services provided by Ernst & Young

The next page includes a summary of the fees that you have paid to us in the year ended 31 March 2022 in line with the disclosures set out in FRC Ethical Standard and in statute. Full details of the services that we have provided are in the next page. Further detail of all fees has been provided to the Civic Affairs Committee.

As at the date of this report, there are no future services which have been contracted and no written proposal to provide non-audit services has been submitted.

In addition to our audit of the accounts, we will also be performing the Reporting Accounting role for the certification of Cambridge City's 2021/22 Housing Benefits claim. We have adopted the necessary safeguards in our completion of this work and complied with Auditor Guidance Note 1 issued by the NAO. We confirm that we have not undertaken any additional non-audit work.

Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2021

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained. Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year end 30 June 2021:

https://www.ey.com/en_uk/about-us/transparency-report-2021



Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

Services provided by Ernst & Young

	Planned fee 2021/22	Scale fee 2021/22	Proposed Fee 2020/21
	£'s	£'s	£'s
Total Fee - Code work	50,489	50,489	40,024
Baseline increase in Scale Fee from 2019/20 (see Note 1)	TBC		50,025
Revised Proposed Scale Fee	50,489	50,489	90,049
Additional work:			
2020/21 Additional Procedures required to address identified risks (Note 2)	-	-	43,015
2021/22 Additional Procedures required in response to the additional risks and other issues identified in this Audit Results Report	Note 3	-	
Total fees	TBC	50,489	133,064

All fees exclude VAT

Note 1 - For 2020/21 we have proposed an increase to the scale fee to reflect the increased level of audit work required which has been impacted by a range of factors, as detailed in our 2020/21 Audit Results Report. Our proposed increase has been notified to Management and is with PSAA for determination. For 2021/22 the scale fee will again be re-assessed, taking into account inflationary costs, to reflect the same recurring risk factors as initially raised in 2019/20. This will be subject to approval by PSAA Ltd.

Note 2 - The 2020/21 Additional Procedures relate to risks raised in our 2020/21 Audit Results Report. The fee has been notified to Management and is subject to formal approval by PSAA Ltd.

Note 3 - As set out in this report, we have had to perform additional audit procedures to respond to the financial reporting of associated audit risks, including new risks such as the new Payroll System and work to respond to the change in the Council's valuation expert. As we are concluding our work in relation to these areas, we cannot quantify the fee impact at this time. We will provide an update on the additional fee implications at the conclusion of the audit and report this within the Auditor's Annual Report.

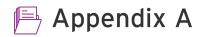




Required communications with the Civic Affairs Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the those charged with governance of UK entities. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Civic Affairs Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	Initial Audit Plan - 22 June 2022
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified. When communicating key audit matters this includes the most significant risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) including those that have the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team.	Audit Planning Report - 22 June 2022 Initial Audit Plan - 22 June 2022 2
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty related to going concern Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The appropriateness of related disclosures in the financial statements 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Subsequent events	► Enquiry of the Civic Affairs Committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements.	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Fraud	 Enquiries of the Civic Affairs Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to the Civic Affairs Committee responsibility. 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Related parties	Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Independence	Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence	Initial Audit Plan - 22 June 2022 Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
	Communications whenever significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place. For public interest entities and listed companies, communication of minimum requirements as detailed in the FRC Revised Ethical Standard 2019: Relationships between EY, the company and senior management, its affiliates and its connected parties Services provided by EY that may reasonably bear on the auditors' objectivity and independence Related safeguards Fees charged by EY analysed into appropriate categories such as statutory audit fees, tax advisory fees, other non-audit service fees A statement of compliance with the Ethical Standard, including any non-EY firms or external experts used in the audit Details of any inconsistencies between the Ethical Standard and Group's policy for the provision of non-audit services, and any apparent breach of that policy Where EY has determined it is appropriate to apply more restrictive rules than permitted under the Ethical Standard The Civic Affairs Committee should also be provided an opportunity to discuss matters affecting auditor independence	
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the Civic Affairs Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Civic Affairs Committee may be aware of 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	When and where
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	► Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Group Audits	 An overview of the type of work to be performed on the financial information of the components An overview of the nature of the group audit team's planned involvement in the work to be performed by the component auditors on the financial information of significant components Instances where the group audit team's evaluation of the work of a component auditor gave rise to a concern about the quality of that auditor's work Any limitations on the group audit, for example, where the group engagement team's access to information may have been restricted Fraud or suspected fraud involving group management, component management, employees who have significant roles in group-wide controls or others where the fraud resulted in a material misstatement of the group financial statements. 	Initial Audit Plan - 22 June 2022 Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	 Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	► Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022
Auditors report	 Key audit matters that we will include in our auditor's report Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	Audit Results Report - 21 October 2022



Appendix B

Outstanding matters

The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures are outstanding at the date of the release of this report:

Item	Actions to resolve	Responsibility
Trade Payables	Conclude on the treatment of Central Government creditors on a net or gross basis	Provision of information by Management
Investment Property valuations	Awaiting support for final assumptions used within the valuations, and conclusion of work following this	Provision of information by Management
Pension Liability	Awaiting re-run report from the Council's actuary	Provision of information by Management
Infrastructure Assets	Awaiting Council assessment to demonstrate Code compliance in the treatment of infrastructure assets	Provision of information by Management
Other Land & Building valuations	Awaiting support for final assumptions used within the valuations, and conclusion of work following this	Provision of information by Management
Receipts in Advance	Conclude our sample testing of receipts in advance	Provision of information by Management
Group accounting	Awaiting response to group instructions issued to the component auditor	Provision of information by Management
Value for Money	Awaiting response to queries on specific arrangements during 2021/22	Provision of information by Management
Going Concern	Complete our substantive procedures including a review of the Council's assessment and disclosure	Provision of information by Management
Journal Entry Testing	Complete our substantive procedures including our understanding of key processes interaction with the general ledger	Provision of information by Management
Receipt of management representation letter	Management to prepare and provide us with their representation letter for the 2021/22 audit	Management



Appendix B

Outstanding matters

The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures are outstanding at the date of the release of this report:

Item	Actions to resolve	Responsibility
Subsequent events procedures	Extension of some audit procedures like review of minutes and testing for unrecorded liabilities and provisions up to the date of our auditor's report	EY and management
Checks to the final amended set of accounts	EY to receive final set of accounts with all audit adjustments, and review it for consistency with our schedule of misstatements	EY and management

Until all our audit procedures are complete, we cannot confirm the final form of our audit opinion as new issues may emerge or we may not agree on final detailed disclosures in the Annual Report. At this point no issues have emerged that would cause us to modify our opinion, but we should point out that key disclosures on going concern remain to be finalised and audited. A draft of the current opinion (with outstanding areas highlighted) is included in Section 3.



Request for a Management Representation Letter



Ernst & Young LLP Tel: + 44 1223 394400 One Cambridge Business ParkFax: + 44 1223 394401 Cambridge ey.com



Caroline Ryba Head of Finance Cambridge City Council The Guildhall Peas Hill Cambridge CB2 3QJ 21 October 2022

Ref: Your ref

Direct line: 01223 394547

Email: MHodgson@uk.ey.com

Dear Caroline

Cambridge City Group and Council – 2021/22 financial year Request for a letter of representation

International Standards on Auditing set out guidance on the use by auditors of management representations (ISA (UK&I) 580) and on possible non-compliance with laws and regulations (ISA (UK&I) 250). I have interpreted this guidance as it affects Local Government bodies and I expect the following points to apply:

- auditors may wish to obtain written representation where they are relying on management's representations in respect of judgemental matters (for example the level of likely incidence of a claim), which may not be readily corroborated by other evidence;
- auditors are likely to request written representations on the completeness of information provided;
- auditors may wish to obtain written representation on issues other than those directly related to the Statement of Accounts;
- the letter is dated on the date on which the auditor signs the opinion and certificate;
 the letter is signed by the person or persons with specific responsibility for the financial
- the letter is signed by the person or persons with specific responsibility for the financial statements; and
- the letter is formally acknowledged as having been discussed and approved by the Audit Committee, as those charged with governance of the Group and Council.

I would expect the letter of representation to include the following matters.

General statement

That the letter of representations is provided in connection with our audit of the financial statements of Cambridge City Group and Council ("the Group and Council") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

That you recognise that obtaining representations from you concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling us to form an opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and Council as of 31 March 2022 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.

The UK firm Ernst & Young LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales with registered number OC300001 and is a member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited. A lis members' names is available for inspection at 1 More London Place, London SE1 2AF, the firm's principal place of business and registered office.



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You understand that the purpose of our audit of your financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that our audit is conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland), which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent we considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fatual, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, you make the following representations, which are true to the best of your knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as you considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- That you have fulfilled your responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the
 preparation of the financial statements in accordance with, for the Group and Council the Accounts
 and Audit Regulations 2015 (as amended in 2020 for Covid-19) and CIPFA LASAAC Code of
 Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- 2. That you acknowledge as members of management of the Group and Council, your responsibility for the fair presentation of the Group and Council's financial statements. You believe the Group and Council financial pastition of the Group and Council financial pastition of the Group and Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22 and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. You have approved the Group and Council in financial statements.
- That the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Group and Council financial statements are appropriately described in the Group and Council financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the Group and Council, you believe that the Group and Council has a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22, that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. You have disclosed to us any significant changes in your processes, controls, policies and procedures that you have made to address the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls.
- That you believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the Audit Results Report, accumulated by us during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

That you have not corrected these differences identified and brought to your attention by us because (please specify the reasons for not correcting the misstatements).

That you have disclosed to us any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that you have made to address the effects of the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus on your system of internal controls. That you do not believe that there are any significant changes.



Request for a Management Representation Letter



B. Non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud

- That you acknowledge that you are responsible to determine that the Group and Council's activities
 are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that you are responsible for identifying
 and addressing any non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
- That you acknowledge that you are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- That you have disclosed to us the results of our assessment of the risk that the Group and Council financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- You have no knowledge of any identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud that may have affected the Group or Council (regardless of the source or form and including without limitation, any allegations by "whistleblowers") including non-compliance matters:
- · involving financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Group and Council's financial statements;
- related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Group or Council's activities, its ability to continue to operate, or to avoid material penalties;
- · involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal controls, or others; or
- in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions

- 1. You have provided us with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters as agreed in terms of the audit engagement
- · Additional information that we have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom we determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- That all material transactions, events and conditions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the Group and Council financial statements, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic and to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus.



4

- That you have made available to us all minutes of the meetings of the Group and Council and its relevant committees (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the year to the most recent meeting on the following date: 3 November 2022
- 4. That you confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Group and Council related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which you are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the period ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the Group and Council financial statements.
- That you believe that the significant assumptions you used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- That you have disclosed to us, and the Group and Council has compiled with, all aspects of
 contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the Group and Council financial
 statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other
 requirements of all outstanding debt
- 7. That from the date of your last management representation letter to us, through the date of this letter, you have disclosed to us any unauthorized access to your information technology systems that either occurred or to the best of your knowledge is reasonably likely to have occurred based on your investigation, including of reports submitted to you by hird parties (including regulatory agencies, law enforcement agencies and security consultants), to the extent that such unauthorized access to your information technology systems is reasonably likely to have a material impact to the financial statements, in each case or in the aggregate.

D. Liabilities and Contingencies

- All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to us and are appropriately reflected in the Group and Council financial statements.
- That you have informed us of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- That you have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent, and have disclosed in the Group and Council financial statements (please specify the Notes) all guarantees that you have given to third parties.

E. Subsequent Events

1. That other than the disclosure described in Note 6 (Events after the balance sheet date) to the Group and Council's financial statements, there have been no events, including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic, or related to the conflict and related sanctions in Ukraine, Russia and/or Belarus, subsequent to period end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements or notes thereto.



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F. Other information

- You acknowledge your responsibility for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the Narrative Report included in the Statement of Accounts 2021-22.
- You confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements

G. Accounting Estimates

- 1. That you believe that the significant assumptions you used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 2. In respect of accounting estimates recognised or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - That you believe the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, you
 used in determining accounting estimates is appropriate and the application of these processes
 is consistent.
 - That the disclosures relating to accounting estimates are complete and appropriate in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
 - That the assumptions you used in making accounting estimates appropriately reflects your intent
 and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the entity, where relevant to the
 accounting estimates and disclosures.
 - That no subsequent event requires an adjustment to the accounting estimates and disclosures included in the financial statements.

H. Expenditure Funding Analysis

 You confirm that the financial statements reflect the operating segments reported internally to the Group and Council.

I. Going Concern

1. That the Group and Council has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis and that Note 2.2 to the financial statements discloses all of the matters of which you are aware that are relevant to the Group and Council's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, your future financial plans and the veracity of the associated future funding allocations from the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities, the sufficiency of cash flows to support those financial plans.

J. Ownership of Assets

1. That except for assets recognised as right-of-use assets in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases, the Group and Council has satisfactory title to all assets appearing in the balance sheet(s), and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Group and Council's assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral. All assets to which the Group and Council has satisfactory title appear in the balance sheet(s).



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K. Reserves

- You have properly recorded or disclosed in the Group and Council financial statements the useable and unusable recorded.
- L. Valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment Assets
- 1. That you agree with the findings of the experts engaged to evaluate the valuation of the Group and Council's Property, Plant and Equipment and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included within the Group and Council's financial statements and the underlying accounting records. That you did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the experts with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and that you are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the experts.
- You believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate(s) have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- You confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of Property, Plant and Equipment appropriately reflect your intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the entity
- 4. You confirm that the disclosures made in the Group and Council financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s) are complete, including the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic on Property, Plant and Equipment valuations and made in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- You confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the Group and Council financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the Covid-19 pandemic.
- You confirm that you have performed a desktop review of all assets not subject to revaluation as part of the 5 year rolling programme for valuations and that each asset category is not materially misstated.
- 7. You confirm that for assets carried at historic cost, that no impairment is required.

M. Retirement benefits

- That on the basis of the process established by you and having made appropriate enquiries, you are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the pension scheme liabilities are consistent with your knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.
- 2. You agree with the findings of the specialists that you engaged to evaluate the Valuation of Pension Liabilities and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the Group and Council financial statements and the underlying accounting records. You did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and you are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.



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- You believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to
 determine the accounting estimate(s) have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the
 context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom
 2021/22
- You confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of the pension scheme
 liability appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of
 the entity
- You confirm that the disclosures made in the Group and Council financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s) are complete, including the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Pension Scheme Liability and made in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- You confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the Group and Council financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the Covid-19 Pandemic.

N. Business Rates Appeals Provision Estimate

- That on the basis of the process established by you and having made appropriate enquiries, you are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the Business Rates Appeals Provision are consistent with your knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.
- 2. You agree with the findings of the specialists that you engaged to evaluate the Business Rates Appeals Provision and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the Group and Council financial statements and the underlying accounting records. You did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and you are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- You believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to
 determine the accounting estimate(s) have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the
 context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom
 2021/22
- You confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of the Business Rates Appeals Provision appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on heal of the antity.
- 5. You confirm that the disclosures made in the Group and Council financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s) are complete, including the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Business Rates Appeals Provision and made in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- You confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the Group and Council financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the Covid-19 Pandemic



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O. Bad Debt Provision Estimate

- 7. That on the basis of the process established by you and having made appropriate enquiries, you are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the Bad Debt Provision Estimate are consistent with your knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.
- 8. You agree with the findings of the specialists that you engaged to evaluate the Bad Debt Provision Estimate and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the Group and Council financial statements and the underlying accounting records. You did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and you are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- You believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate(s) have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22
- 10. You confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the valuation of the Bad Debt Provision Estimate appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the putity.
- 11. You confirm that the disclosures made in the Group and Council financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s) are complete, including the effects of the Covid-19 pandemic on the Bad Debt Provision Estimate and made in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2021/22.
- 12. You confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the Group and Council financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the Covid-19 Pandemic

P. Group audits

- There are no significant restrictions on your ability to distribute the retained profits of the Group because of statutory, contractual, exchange control or other restrictions other than those indicated in the Group financial statements.
- Necessary adjustments have been made to eliminate all material intra-group unrealised profits on transactions amongst council, subsidiary undertakings and associated undertakings.
- You confirm that entities excluded from the Group financial statements are immaterial on a quantitative and qualitative basis.

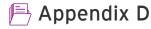
Q. Specific Representations

We do not require any specific representations in addition to those above



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Implementation of IFRS 16 Leases

In previous reports to the Civic Affairs Committee, we have highlighted the issue of new accounting standards and regulatory developments. IFRS 16 introduces a number of significant changes which go beyond accounting technicalities. For example, the changes have the potential to impact on procurement processes as more information becomes available on the real cost of leases. The key accounting impact is that assets and liabilities in relation to significant lease arrangements previously accounted for as operating leases will need to be recognised on the balance sheet. IFRS 16 requires all substantial leases to be accounted for using the acquisition approach, recognising the rights acquired to use an asset.

IFRS 16 does not come into effect for the Council until 1 April 2024. However, officers should be acting now to assess the Council's leasing positions and secure the required information to ensure the Council will be fully compliant with the 2024/25 Code. The following table summarises some key areas officers should be progressing.

IFRS 16 theme	Summary of key measures
Data collection	 Management should: ▶ Put in place a robust process to identify all arrangements that convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time. The adequacy of this process should be discussed with auditors. ▶ Classify all such leases into low value; short-term; peppercorn; portfolio and individual leases ▶ Identify, collect, log and check all significant data points that affect lease accounting including: the term of the lease; reasonably certain judgements on extension or termination; dates of rent reviews; variable payments; grandfathered decisions; non-lease components; and discount rate to be applied.
Policy Choices	 The council needs to agree on certain policy choices. In particular: Whether to adopt a portfolio approach What low value threshold to set and agree with auditors Which asset classes, if any, are management adopting the practical expedient in relation to non-lease components What is managements policy in relation to discount rates to be used?
Code adaptations for the public sector	Finance teams should understand the Code adaptations for the public sector. The Code contains general adaptations, (e.g. the definition of a lease); transitional interpretations (e.g. no restatement of prior periods) and adaptations that apply post transition (e.g. use of short-term lease exemption).
Transitional accounting arrangements	Finance teams should understand the accounting required on first implementation of IFRS 16. The main impact is on former operating leases where the authority is lessee. However, there can be implications for some finance leases where the council is lessee; and potentially for sub-leases, where the council is a lessor, that were operating leases under the old standard.
Ongoing accounting arrangements	Finance teams need to develop models to be able to properly account for initial recognition and subsequent measurement of right of use assets and associated liabilities. This is more complex than the previous standard due to more regular remeasurements and possible modifications after certain trigger events.
Remeasurements and modifications	Finance teams need to familiarise themselves with when the 'remeasurement' or 'modification' of a lease is required and what to do under each circumstance. A modification can lead to an additional lease being recognised. It is also important to know when remeasurements require a new discount rate is to be applied to the lease.

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